

Operations Research Chapter 4

Problem 1:

A partially completed initial simplex tableau is given:

Basis						
		x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	
	c_B	5	9	0	0	
s_1	0	10	9	1	0	90
s_2	0	-5	3	0	1	15
z_j						
$c_j - z_j$						

- a. Complete the initial tableau.
- b. Which variable would be brought into solution at the first iteration?
- c. Write the original linear program.

Problem 2:

The following partial initial simplex tableau is given:

Basis								
		x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	s_2	s_3	
	c_B	5	20	25	0	0	0	
		2	1	0	1	0	0	40
		0	2	1	0	1	0	30
		3	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	1	15
z_j								
$c_j - z_j$								

- a. Complete the initial tableau.
- b. Write the problem in tableau form.
- c. What is the initial basis? Does this basis correspond to the origin? Explain.
- d. What is the value of the objective function at this initial solution?
- e. For the next iteration, which variable should enter the basis, and which variable should leave the basis?
- f. How many units of the entering variable will be in the next solution? Before making this first iteration, what do you think will be the value of the objective function after the first iteration?
- g. Find the optimal solution using the simplex method.

Problem 3:

Set up the tableau form for the following linear program (do not attempt to solve):

Min $4x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3$

s.t.

$$4x_1 \quad \quad + 2x_3 \geq 20$$

$$\quad \quad 1x_2 - 1x_3 \leq -8$$

$$1x_1 - 2x_2 \quad = -5$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 1x_3 \leq 12$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

Problem 1:

a. Initial Tableau

		x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	
Basis	c_B	5	9	0	0	
		s_1	0	10	9	1
s_2	0	-5	3	0	1	15
z_j		0	0	0	0	0
$c_j - z_j$		5	9	0	0	

b. We would introduce x_2 at the first iteration.

c. $\text{Max } 5x_1 + 9x_2$
s.t. $10x_1 + 9x_2 \leq 90$
 $-5x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 15$
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

Problem 2 :

		x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	s_2	s_3	
Basis	c_B	5	20	25	0	0	0	
		s_1	0	2	1	0	1	0
s_2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	30
s_3	0	3	0	-1/2	0	0	1	15
z_j		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$c_j - z_j$		5	20	25	0	0	0	

b. $\text{Max } 5x_1 + 20x_2 + 25x_3 + 0s_1 + 0s_2 + 0s_3$

s.t. $2x_1 + 1x_2 + 1s_1 = 40$

$2x_2 + 1x_3 + 1s_2 = 30$

$3x_1 - 1/2x_3 + 1s_3 = 15$

$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3 \geq 0$.

c. The original basis consists of $s_1, s_2,$ and s_3 . It is the origin since the nonbasic variables are $x_1, x_2,$ and x_3 and are all zero.

d. 0.

e. x_3 enters because it has the largest $c_j - z_j$ and s_2 will leave because row 2 has the only positive coefficient.

f. 30; objective function value is 30 times 25 or 750.

g. Optimal Solution:

$x_1 = 10 \quad s_1 = 20$

$x_2 = 0 \quad s_2 = 0$

$x_3 = 30 \quad s_3 = 0$

$z = 800$.

Problem 3 :

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \text{Max} & -4x_1 & - 5x_2 & - 3x_3 & + 0s_1 & + 0s_2 & + 0s_4 & - Ma_1 & - Ma_2 & - Ma_3 \\ \text{s.t.} & & & & & & & & & \\ & 4x_1 & & + 2x_3 & - 1s_1 & & & + 1a_1 & & = 20 \\ & & - 1x_2 & + 1x_3 & & - 1s_2 & & & + 1a_2 & = 8 \\ & -1x_1 & + 2x_2 & & & & & & & + 1a_3 & = 5 \\ & 2x_1 & + 1x_2 & + 1x_3 & & & + 1s_4 & & & & = 12 \end{array}$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_4, a_1, a_2, a_3 \geq 0$$

The problem is infeasible